1. Match the words with their Czech translations.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1 bamboo2 paper3 stone4 silk5 plastic6 wood | 1. papír
2. dřevo
3. bambus
4. plast
5. hedvábí
6. kámen
 |

1. Listen and fill in the gaps.

**3,000 BC** People in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ start making paper from papyrus, a big green plant. The word paper comes from it.

**230 BC** People in China write on silk or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Today** Paper is usually made from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. But we need to save trees, so we can make it from recycled paper, or even \_\_\_\_\_\_\_! How?

1. Fill in prepositions, choose from: *of, from, into, with.*
2. We can make paper \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wood or stone.
3. We break the limestone \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ powder.
4. Then we mix the stone powder \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ plastic.
5. Finally, we make rolls \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ paper.
6. In the article, find words meaning ….
7. not weak s \_ \_ \_ \_ \_
8. Water doesn’t harm it. w \_ \_ \_ \_ r \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_
9. to use again to r \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_
10. It doesn’t harm the environment. e \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ f \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

SOLUTIONS

1. Match the words with their Czech translations.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1 bamboo2 paper3 stone4 silk5 plastic6 wood | 1. papír
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 |

1. Listen and fill in the gaps.

**3,000 BC** People in Egypt start making paper from papyrus, a big green plant. The word paper comes from it.

**230 BC** People in China write on silk or bamboo.

**Today** Paper is usually made from wood. But we need to save trees, so we can make it from recycled paper, or even stone! How?

1. Fill in prepositions, choose from: *of, from, into, with.*
2. We can make paper from wood or stone.
3. We break the limestone into powder.
4. Then we mix the stone powder with plastic.
5. Finally, we make rolls of paper.
6. In the article, find words meaning ….
7. not weak strong
8. Water doesn’t harm it. water resistant
9. to use again to recycle
10. It doesn’t harm the environment. environmentally friendly.